Composing with my junior high/middle school band during rehearsal? YES YOU CAN!

2019 OMEA Conference, Cleveland, Ohio February 1, 2019 from 9:30-10:30 a.m. Huntington Convention Center – CC24

- I. Two common questions:
 - A. "I've got a student in my band who has been composing?..."
 - B. "Where do your ideas come from?"
 - C. Re-creation and Improvisation have largely dominated school music experiences.
 - D. Planned creation or *composing* has been another story.
 - E. Young composers must summon incredible courage.

II. Inspiration and Execution

- A. There are two dimensions: What has been outwardly expressed (e.g. what is on paper and being experimented with), and what is yet to be discovered.
- B. The filters of previous experience and the composer's long-term knowledge will allow discovery of new ideas that complete an incomplete form, and the idea happens during transition.
- C. This process helps a composer develop his/her own compositional grammar.
- D. Four approaches to the compositional process

III. Why Composing Makes Sense

- A. Improvisation and the recreation of music in our ensembles is an important part of who we are in instrumental music.
- B. When does the student gain ownership of the music?
- C. Beyond that, wouldn't engaging with concepts and elements within the music we are studying reinforce reading and performing skills?

IV. Composition as a Teaching Tool

- A. Process rather than product Rules are good to have. Watch students break them.
- B. How can a young composer capture an emerging moment? Improvise, record, transcribe, revise & grow!
- C. Write for chamber groups first! (The worst thing that could happen?)

V. Provide Guidelines

- A. Identify Key, Meter, Length
- B. Provide a tonal and rhythmic range
- C. Account for a suitable harmony to be used (if necessary)
- D. Composition Assignment Example: DUET

VI. Ideas for teaching composition using Junior High/Middle School Band Repertoire

- A. Irish Jig for Young Feet by Travis J. Weller (FJH Music, Grade 2)
 - 1. Students write and perform music in 6/8 meter.
 - 2. Discuss and explore antecedent and consequent phrases in melodies.

- B. Palo Duro Sunrise by Jack Wilds (FJH Music, Grade 1.5)
 - 1. Students compose within specific guidelines (e.g. A set pentatonic scale, 8 measures in length).
 - 2. Introduce pentatonic scales and identify music in which they are used.
- C. Sunchaser by Carol Brittin-Chambers (Carl-Fischer 2)
 - 1. Students compose in triple meter utilizing syncopated rhythms
 - 2. Infuse energy and direction into a melody through articulation choices.
- D. El Cid by Scott Watson (Alfred Music, Grade 1.5)
 - 1. Engage students in a collaborative chamber group exercise.
 - 2. Introduce concept of ostinato and explore how it can be used.
 - 3. Allow percussion to make choices for orchestration.
- D. Unraveling by Andrew Boysen Jr. (Kjos Music, Grade 3)
 - 1. Students compose using a different and unique melodic language.
 - 2. Create a different emotional state through melodic language.
- E. Friends of Freedom by Timothy Loest (FJH Music, Grade 2)
 - 1. Students analyze and compose in a familiar form
 - 2. Students assume different roles in a collaborative process.
- G. Ancient Conquest by Jay Coles (C.L. Barnhouse, Grade 2.5)
 - 1. Students create a melody and write an accompanying story.
 - 2. Students apply different articulations, dynamics and phrasing to add dramatic and emotional effect.
- F. 1. Arrange a trio of a folk song or Christmas Carol
 - 2. Write to an emotional state What "sounds happy", or what sounds like "I hate Mondays and the trumpets are out of tune"?
 - 3. Write in the absence of rule "What sounds good to you?"

Contact Information

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